

Soybean Inoculant Trial - Seed Applied vs. No Inoculant

Trial ID: 2016-S1In08 - R.M. of Morris

Objective: Quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) vs. no inoculant applied in soybean fields. The trial is conducted in the Central, Eastern and Interlake regions of Manitoba and requires a minimum history of 3 previous soybean crops.

TRIAL INFORMATION				
Treatment	Seed Applied Inoculant			
Rural Municipality	Morris			
Previous Crop	Corn			
Soil Description	Clayey Lacustrine			
Tillage	Conventional			
Planting Date	May 18, 2016			
Variety	Astro R2			
Row Spacing	20"			
Seeding Rate	175,000 seeds/ac			
Plant Stand @ V1	103,000 plants/ac			
# of Years since Soy	2014 – 1 year			
# of Prev. Soy Crops	4 previous soybean crops			
Harvest Date	October 3, 2016			

SOIL PROPERTIES					
N 0-24"	pH	Salts 0-6"	CCE%		
13 lbs/ac	7.2	1.07	0.7		

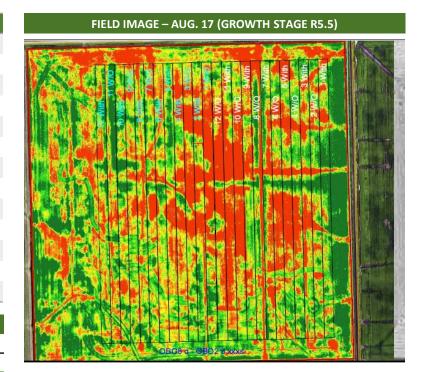
PRECIPITATION ^t						
		May		June	July	ı Aug
Rainfall	ı	57.5		120	80	85
Normal	- -	67.6	_	101.8	85.6	83.9

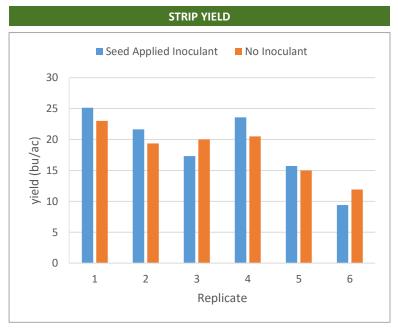
† Growing season precipitation (mm)

	Average # of Nodules @ R2	
Seed Applied Inoculant	47	
No Inoculant	43	

NODULATION COUNT

OVERALL YIELD				
	Mean (bu/ac)			
Seed Applied Inoculant	18.8			
No Inoculant	18.3			
Yield Difference	0.5			
P-Value	0.6510			
CV	26.0%			
Significance	No			





Summary: There was no significant yield difference between seed-applied inoculant and no inoculant applied to soybeans. There was one year since the last soybean crop was grown in 2014, and there was a history of four previous soybean crops on this field. Nodulation was high for both treated and untreated strips.

