

Soybean Inoculant Trial – Seed Applied vs. Seed Applied & In-Furrow Inoculant

Trial ID: 2014-S2In03 – R.M. of Dufferin

Objective: Quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) vs. seed applied plus in-furrow inoculant (double inoculation) in soybean fields. The trial was conducted in the Central, Eastern and Interlake regions of Manitoba and required a minimum history of 2 previous soybean crops.

TRIAL INFORMATION		
Treatment	Single vs. Double Inoculation	
Rural Municipality	Dufferin	
Previous Crop	Spring Wheat	
Soil Description	Sandy Loam Lacustrine	
Tillage	Conventional	
Planting Date	May 21, 2014	
Variety	S00-T9	
Row Spacing	30"	
Seeding Rate	178,000 seeds/ac	
Plant Stand @ V1	127,000 plants/ac	
# of Years since Soy	2012 – 2 years	
# of Prev. Soy Crops	3 previous soybean crops	
Harvest Date	October 2, 2014	

SOIL PROPERTIES			
N 0-24″	і і рН	Salts 0-6"	CCE%
25 lbs/ac	7.4	0.2	0.4

PRECIPITATION		
	May – August	
Cumulative Rainfall	260 mm	
Historical Rainfall	318 mm	
+ Growing season precipitation (mm)		
NODULATION COUNT		
	Average # of Nodules @ R2	
Double Inoculation	>20 nodules	
Single Inoculation	>20 nodules	
OVERALL YIELD		
	Mean (bu/ac)	
Double Inoculation	52.6	

51.9

0.7

0.4218

4.7%

No

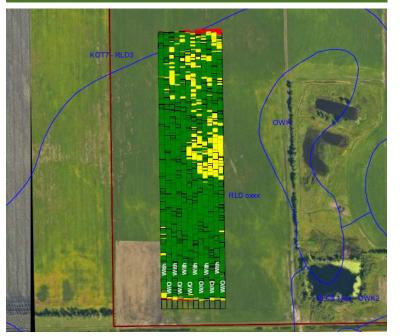
Single Inoculation

Yield Difference

P-Value

Significance

cv



FIELD IMAGE



Summary: There was no significant yield difference between seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) and seed applied plus infurrow inoculant (double inoculation) applied to soybeans. The previous crop was wheat, and there was a history of three previous soybean crops grown on this field. There was more than 20 nodules per plant for both inoculation treatments.



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