

Soybean Inoculant Trial – Seed Applied vs. Seed Applied & In-Furrow Inoculant

Trial ID: 2014-S2In05 – R.M. of Ste Anne

Objective: Quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) vs. seed applied plus in-furrow inoculant (double inoculation) in soybean fields. The trial was conducted in the Central, Eastern and Interlake regions of Manitoba and required a minimum history of 2 previous soybean crops.

TRIAL INFORMATION

Treatment	Single vs. Double Inoculation
Rural Municipality	Ste Anne
Previous Crop	Soybeans
Soil Description	Clayey Lacustrine
Tillage	Conventional
Planting Date	May 23, 2014
Variety	TH 32004R2Y
Row Spacing	30"
Seeding Rate	168,000 seeds/ac
Plant Stand @ V1	134,000 plants/ac
# of Years since Soy	2013 – Last Year
# of Prev. Soy Crops	2 previous soybean crops
Harvest Date	September 25, 2014

SOIL PROPERTIES

N 0-24"	pH	Salts 0-6"	CCE%
42 lbs/ac	7.3	0.6	1.8

PRECIPITATION†

	May – August
Cumulative Rainfall	198 mm
Historical Rainfall	335 mm

† Growing season precipitation (mm)

NODULATION COUNT

	Average # of Nodules @ R2
Double Inoculation	>20 nodules
Single Inoculation	>20 nodules

OVERALL YIELD

	Mean (bu/ac)
Double Inoculation	38.3
Single Inoculation	39.6
Yield Difference	-1.3
P-Value	0.4084
CV	6.6%
Significance	No

Summary: There was no significant yield difference between seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) and seed applied plus in-furrow inoculant (double inoculation) applied to soybeans. The previous crop was soybeans, and there was a history of two previous soybean crops grown on this field. There was more than 20 nodules per plant for both inoculation treatments.

FIELD IMAGE



STRIP YIELD

