

Soybean Inoculant Trial - Seed Applied vs. Seed Applied & In-Furrow Inoculant

Trial ID: 2018-S2In09 - R.M. of Dauphin

Objective: Quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) vs. seed applied plus in-furrow inoculant (double inoculation) in soybean fields. This trial requires a minimum field history of 2 previous soybean crops.

TRIAL INFORMATION		
Treatment	Single vs. Double Inoculation	
Rural Municipality	Dauphin	
Previous Crop	Soybean	
Soil Description	Clay / Loam	
Tillage	No-Till	
Planting Date	May 22, 2018	
Variety	Akras R2	
Row Spacing	9.8"	
Seeding Rate	199,000 seeds/ac	
Plant Stand @V1	180,000 plants/ac	
# of Years since Soy	1 year	
# of Prev. Soy Crops	2017, 2014	
In-Furrow Inoculant	7.5 lbs/ac Cell-Tech (granular)	
Harvest Date	October 20, 2018	

SOIL PROPERTIES				
N 0-24"	h pH	Salts 0-6"	CCE%	
31 lbs/ac	7.7	2.25	5.3%	

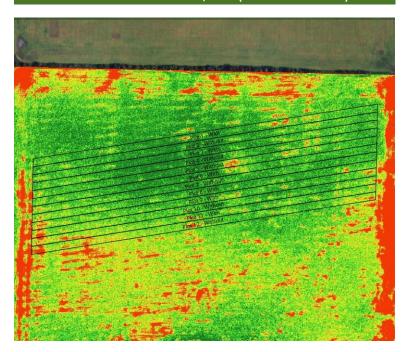
PRECIPITATION [†]					
	l May	June	July	l Aug	
Rainfall	38	104	91	3	
Normal	54	1 87	73	63	

f Growing season precipitation (mm)

NODULATION COUNT		
	Average # of Nodules @ R2	
Double Inoculation	23	
Single Inoculation	20	

OVERALL YIELD		
	Mean (bu/ac)	
Double Inoculation	43.1	
Single Inoculation	43.7	
Yield Difference	- 0.6	
P-Value	0.2292	
CV	2.2%	
Significance	No	

NDVI FIELD IMAGE - AUG 9, 2018 (GROWTH STAGE R6)



STRIP YIELD ■ Double Inoculation ■ Single Inoculation 48 47 46 45 Yield (bu/ac) 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 1 2 3 Replicate

Summary: There was no significant yield difference between seed applied inoculant (single inoculant) and seed applied plus infurrow inoculant (double inoculation) applied to soybeans. There was good nodulation for both single and double inoculation treatments. This trial was established on a field with a history of at least two previous, well nodulated soybean crops.

