

Soybean Double Inoculant Trial

Trial ID: 2020-S12N01 – R.M. of Dauphin

Objective: Quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) vs. seed applied plus in-furrow inoculant (double inoculation) in soybeans. This trial requires a minimum field history of 2 previous soybean crops.

Summary: Nodulation ratings were very similar between treatments. There was no significant yield difference between single and double inoculated soybeans. Due to the lack of yield response, there was a decrease in profit/ac equivalent to the cost difference between single and double inoculation.

Trial Information

Treatment	1x Optimize (liquid) 5 lbs/ac Cell-Tech (granular)	
Last Soybean Crop	2016	
Soybean History	2-year history	
Soil Texture	Silty Loam	
Previous Crop	Ryegrass	
Tillage	Zero Till	
Seeding Date	May 26	
Variety	Amirani R2	
Seeding Rate	223 000 seeds/ac	
Row Spacing	10″	
Plant Stand @ VC	153 000 plants/ac	
Harvest Date	September 24	

Precipitation (mm)

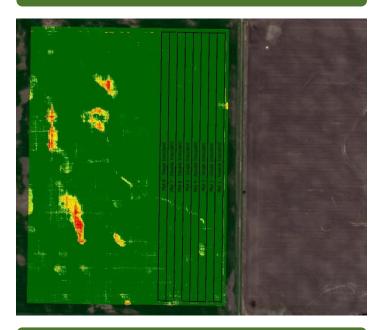
	May	June	July	August
Normal	54.3	86.7	73.2	63.3
Rainfall	31.8	101	67.9	98.4

Nodulation⁺

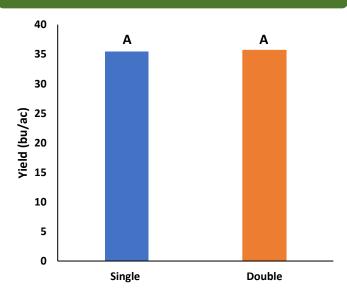
	Average Nodulation Rating @ R2		
Double	3.6		
Single	3.7		

+ 0 = no nodules, 1 = Poor (<5/plant), 2 = Fair (<10/plant), 3 = Good (<20/plant), 4 = Excellent (>20/plant)

NDVI Field Image August 14



Yield by Treatment







Overall Yield & Economics					
	Mean (bu/ac)	Cost ⁺	Change in Profit/ac ⁺⁺		
Double Inoculant	35.7	\$15/ac	-\$10/ac		
Single Inoculant	35.4	\$5/ac			
Yield Difference	0.3				
P-Value	0.4776				
CV	2.4%				
Significance	No	Economic	Νο		

+ Based on an estimated cost for on-seed + granular in-furrow vs. on-seed only

+ Because yields were not significantly different, there is no increased income with the double inoculant to offset the increase in cost/ac

