

Soybean Double Inoculant Trial

Trial ID: 2020-S2IN03 - R.M. of Louise

Objective: Quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of seed applied inoculant (single inoculation) vs. seed applied plus in-furrow inoculant (double inoculation) in soybean fields. This trial requires a minimum field history of 2 previous soybean crops.

Summary: Nodulation ratings were very similar between treatments. There was no significant yield difference between single and double inoculated soybeans. Due to the lack of yield response, there was a decrease in profit/ac equivalent to the cost of the in-furrow inoculant application.

Trial Information

Treatment	1x Optimize (liquid) 5 lbs/ac Cell-Tech (granular)		
Last Soybean Crop	2017		
Soybean History	3-year history		
Soil Texture	Clay Loam		
Previous Crop	Barley		
Tillage	Zero Till		
Seeding Date	May 29		
Variety	S0009-M2		
Seeding Rate	192 000 seeds/ac		
Row Spacing	7.5"		
Plant Stand @ V2	156 000 plants/ac		
Harvest Date	September 24		

Precipitation (mm)

	May	June	July	August
Normal	61.1	89.8	68.3	72.3
Rainfall	46.4	107.9	102.8	30

Nodulation[†]

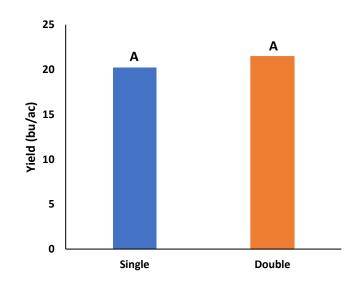
	Average nodulation rating @ R2			
Double	3.5			
Single	3.4			

t 0 = no nodules, 1 = Poor (<5/plant), 2 = Fair (<10/plant), 3 = Good (<20/plant), 4 = Excellent (>20/plant)

NDVI Field Image August 15



Yield by Treatment





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Overall Yield & Economics

	Mean (bu/ac)	Cost +	Change in Profit/ac++
Double Inoculant	21.5	\$15/ac	-\$10/ac
Single Inoculant	20.2	\$5/ac	
Yield Difference	1.3		
P-Value	0.0867		
CV	9.8%		
Significance	No	Economic	No

⁺ Based on an estimated cost for on-seed + granular in-furrow vs. on-seed only

^{+ +} Because yields were not significantly different, there is no increased income with the double inoculant to offset the increased cost/ac