

Soybean Fungicide Trial

Trial ID: 2020-SF05 - R.M. of Rockwood

Objective: Quantify the agronomic and economic impacts of a single foliar fungicide application in soybeans

Summary: Septoria brown spot was prevalent throughout the trial. There was no significant yield difference between soybeans with and without a single application of Dyax. Due to the lack of yield response, there was a decrease in profit/ac in the treated area of the trial, equivalent to the cost of the fungicide application.

Trial Information

Treatment	Dyax
Application Timing	R2
Application Date	July 16
Application Rate	160 ml/ac
Application Method	Broadcast
Soil Texture	Clay Loam / Loam
Previous Crop	Oats
Tillage	Conventional
Seeding Date	May 26
Variety	Sunna R2X
Seeding Rate	164 000 seeds/ac
Row Spacing	15"
Plant Stand @ R5	134 000 plants/ac
Harvest Date	September 22

Precipitation (mm)

	May	June	July	August
Normal	53.8	92	66.4	63.3
Rainfall	11.4	60.4	40.5	79.5

Summary of Disease Rating (R4)+

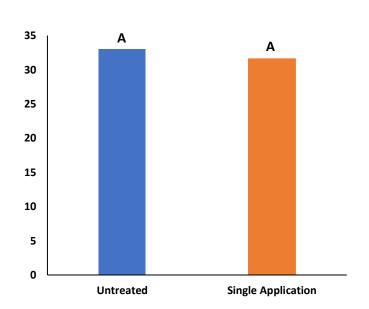
	Frogeye		Septoria Brown Spot		White Mold	
	UN	SGL	UN	SGL	UN	SGL
Incidence	0%	0%	85%	82%	0%	0%
Severity	n/a	n/a	1.3	1.2	0.0	0.0

† SGL=-Single application; Frogeye (presence/absence), Septoria Brown Spot 0 – 5 rating scale, White Mold 0 – 3 rating scale; bacterial blight present throughout the trial

NDVI Field Image August 20



Yield by Treatment





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Overall Yield & Economics

	Mean (bu/ac)	Cost +	Change in Profit/ac++
Single Application	31.6	\$15/ac	-\$15/ac
Untreated	33.0		
Yield Difference	-1.4		
P-Value	0.2888		
CV	6.5%		
Significance	No	Economic	No

⁺ Based on an estimated cost for a single application of soybean fungicide

^{+ +} Because yields were not significantly different, there was no increased income with fungicide application to offset the cost of the product